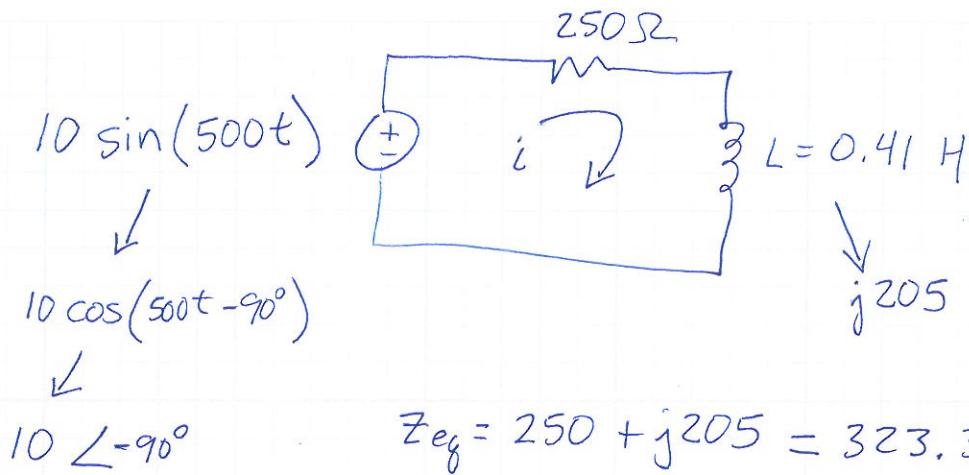




8

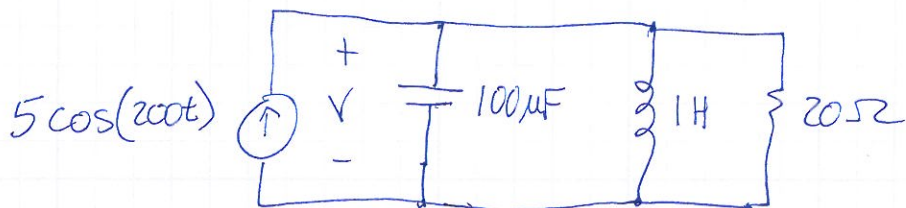


$$i = \frac{V}{Z} = \frac{10 \angle -90^\circ}{323.3 \angle 39.35^\circ}$$

$$= 0.031 \angle -129.35 \text{ amps}$$

(phase angle)

9



$$Z_c = \frac{1}{j200 \cdot 100 \mu} = -j50$$

$$Z_L = j200 \cdot 1 = j200$$

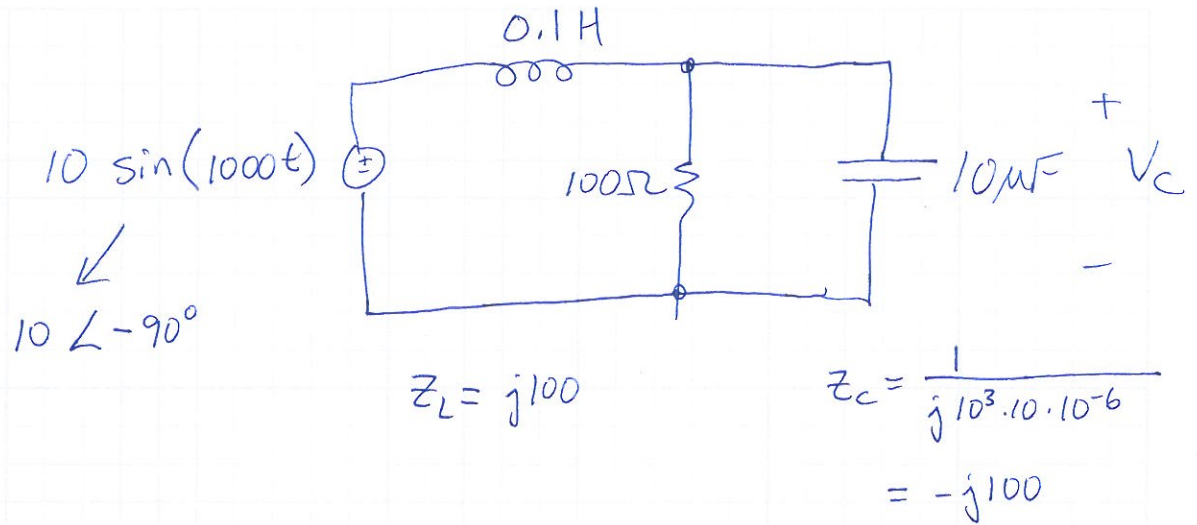
$$Z_{eq} = Z_c \parallel Z_L \parallel R = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{Z_c} + \frac{1}{Z_L} + \frac{1}{R}} = \frac{1}{j\frac{1}{50} - j\frac{1}{200} + \frac{1}{20}}$$

$$V = 5 \angle 0^\circ \cdot 19.16 \angle -16.7^\circ = 95.8 \angle -16.7^\circ$$

$$= \frac{1}{\frac{1}{20} + j\frac{3}{200}} = \frac{200}{10 + j3} = 19.16 \angle -16.7^\circ$$



10



$$\frac{10 \angle -90^\circ - V_c}{j100} = \frac{V_c}{100} + \frac{V_c}{-j100}$$

$$\frac{10 \angle -90^\circ - V_c}{1 \angle 90^\circ} = V_c + \frac{V_c}{1 \angle -90^\circ}$$

$$10 \angle -180^\circ = V_c \left( \frac{1}{1 \angle 90^\circ} + 1 + \frac{1}{1 \angle -90^\circ} \right)$$

$$= V_c (-j + 1 + j)$$

$$\boxed{V_c} = 10 \angle -180^\circ$$

amplitude